#### Algorithmic Game Theory Algorithmische Spieltheorie Pingo Wintersemester 2022/2023

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#### **Question 1**

Consider the network of friends:



Consider the network of friends: Which of the following preferences are true under <u>enemy-oriented</u> preferences?

A 
$$\{1,2\} \succ_1 \{1,4\}$$
  
B  $\{1,2,4\} \succ_1 \{1,3,4\}$   
C  $\{1,2,3,4\} \succ_1 \{1,3\}$ 

- $\mathsf{D} \ \{1,2,3,4\} \succ_1 \{1,2,4\}$
- $\mathsf{E} \ \{1,2\} \succ_1 \{1,2,3,4\}$

Consider the network of friends: Which of the following preferences are true under friend-oriented preferences?

A 
$$\{1,2\} \succ_1 \{1,4\}$$
  
B  $\{1,2,4\} \succ_1 \{1,3,4\}$   
C  $\{1,2,3,4\} \succ_1 \{1,3\}$   
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Questions

#### **Question 3**

Consider the coalition structure  $\Gamma = \{\{1,2,3\},\{4\}\} \text{ in this game:}$ 



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Questions

#### **Question 3**

Consider the coalition structure  $\Gamma = \{\{1, 2, 3\}, \{4\}\}$  in this game: Which of the following statements are true under enemy-oriented preferences?



- A 1 and 2 cannot be part of any weakly blocking coalition for  $\Gamma$ .
- B  $\{3,4\}$  weakly blocks  $\Gamma$ .
- C  $\Gamma(3) = \{1, 2, 3\} \succ_3 \{3\}.$
- D  $\{4\} \succ_4 \{4\} = \Gamma(4).$
- E Γ is core stable.
- F  $\Gamma$  is strictly core stable.

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#### **Question 4**

Consider the coalition structure  $\Gamma = \{\{1, 2, 3\}, \{4\}\}$  in this game: Which of the following statements are true under friend-oriented preferences?



- A 1 and 2 cannot be part of any weakly blocking coalition for  $\Gamma$ .
- B  $\{3,4\}$  weakly blocks  $\Gamma$ .
- C  $\Gamma(3) = \{1, 2, 3\} \succ_3 \{3\}.$
- D  $\{4\} \succ_4 \{4\} = \Gamma(4).$
- E Γ is core stable.
- F  $\Gamma$  is strictly core stable.

Five players 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 are sitting (in this order) around a round table. Every player *i* (modulo 5 throughout) assigns

- a value  $v_i(i + 1) = 1$  to the player to his right,
- a value  $v_i(i-1) = 2$  to the player to his left, and
- a value -4 to the remaining two players.

Five players 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 are sitting (in this order) around a round table. Every player *i* (modulo 5 throughout) assigns

- a value  $v_i(i + 1) = 1$  to the player to his right,
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Does this additive hedonic game allow a core stable partition?

A Yes.

B No.